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1. [How Predictive Policing Software Works](#)
 - a. Crime maps are used to station police in places crime might occur based on weather, location, recent issues, nearby bars or public transportation stops, etcetera.
2. [Websites and Apps for Sharing Crime and Safety Have Become Outlets for Racial Profiling](#)
 - a. Racial profiling increases on apps intended to limit crime by reporting a correlation between race and crime, but can be limited by improving provided data.
3. [Is Predictive Policing the Law-Enforcement Tactic of the Future?](#)
 - a. Predictive policing stops repeat crimes and identifies likely crime locations, but is expensive, data could be flawed/incomplete, and overpolicing and racial targeting could increase.
4. [Interactive Predictive Policing Program in South Pasadena, California](#)
 - a. This program fairly accurately shows types of crimes, their most likely future times and locations, and a suggested officer route to anyone given the link.
5. [How Big Data is Helping the NYPD Solve Crimes Faster](#)
 - a. Situational awareness systems collect and analyze city records, data from sensors, and reports from citizens to identify, prevent, and resolve public safety issues and crimes.
6. [Algorithms in the Criminal Justice System](#)
 - a. Predictive algorithms are unregulated and widely varied, sometimes incorporate racial targeting and inaccurate, incomplete, or ineffectively compared data, and often play powerful roles in court.
7. [Machine Bias](#)
 - a. Predictive algorithms are relied upon in many states to determine sentences, despite being repeatedly shown to rank black defendants as higher risk than white defendants.
8. [Response to ProPublica article](#)
 - a. ProPublica's findings are inaccurate, the Cox survival model proves that risk scales showing the likelihood of recidivism are not overpredicted nor underpredicted for black defendants.
9. [ProPublica rejoinder to developer's response](#)
 - a. Northpointe overpredicts for black defendants and underpredicts for white defendants, which damages the futures of incorrectly judged black defendants more than incorrectly judged white defendants.